



Microsoft

70-533 Exam

Microsoft Implementing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions Exam

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Version: 27.0

Question: 1

HOT SPOT

You manage an Azure Service Bus for your company. You plan to enable access to the Azure Service Bus for an application named ContosoLOB.

You need to create a new shared access policy for subscriptions and queues that has the following requirements:

- Receives messages from a queue
- Deadletters a message
- Defers a message for later retrieval
- Enumerates subscriptions
- Gets subscription description

In the table below, identify the permission you need to assign to ensure that ContosoLOB is able to accomplish the above requirements. Make only one selection in each column.

Answer Area

Access Level	Queues	Subscriptions
Send	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Listen	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Manage	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

Access Level	Queues	Subscriptions
Send	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Listen	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Manage	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Explanation:

For Service Bus, the three permission claims are 'Send' for all send operations, 'Listen' to open up listeners or receive messages, and 'Manage' to observe or manage the state of the Service Bus tenant.

To receive a message from a queue we need to have Listen access level.

To numerate subscriptions, we need to have the manage access level.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/hh403962.aspx>

Question: 2

Your network includes a legacy application named LegacyApp1. The application only runs in the Microsoft .NET 3.5 Framework on Windows Server 2008.

You plan to deploy to Azure Cloud Services.

You need to ensure that LegacyApp1 will run correctly in the new environment.

What are two possible ways to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Upload a VHD with Windows Server 2008 installed.
- B. Deploy LegacyApp1 to a cloud service instance configured with Guest OS Family 2.
- C. Deploy LegacyApp1 to a cloud service instance configured with Guest OS Family 1.
- D. Deploy LegacyApp1 to a cloud service instance configured with Guest OS Family 3.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

B: Guest OS Family 3 and Guest OS Family 4 supports .NET 4.0 and .Net 4.5.

Question: 3

DRAG DROP

You administer a cloud service named contosoapp that has a web role and worker role.

Contosoapp requires you to perform an in-place upgrade to the service.

You need to ensure that at least six worker role instances and eight web role instances are available when you apply upgrades to the service. You also need to ensure that updates are completed for all instances by using the least amount of time.

Which value should you use with each configuration? To answer, drag the appropriate value to the correct configuration. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Values	Configuration								
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	1	3	4	6	8	9	12		<p>Web role instances <input type="text" value="Value"/></p> <p>Worker role instances <input type="text" value="Value"/></p> <p>Upgrade domains <input type="text" value="Value"/></p>
1	3								
4	6								
8	9								
12									

Answer:

Configuration

Web role instances

12

Worker role instances

9

Upgrade domains

3

Explanation:

* You need to ensure that at least six worker role instances and eight web role instances are available when you apply upgrades to the service.

* You can decide whether you want to update all of the roles in your service or a single role in the service. In either case, all instances of each role that is being upgraded and belong to the first upgrade domain are stopped, upgraded, and brought back online. Once they are back online, the instances in the second upgrade domain are stopped, upgraded, and brought back online.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/hh472157.aspx#proceed>

Question: 4

You migrate a Windows Server .NET web application to Azure Cloud Services.

You need enable trace logging for the application.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Update the service definition file.
- B. Update the Azure diagnostics configuration.
- C. Update the service configuration file.
- D. Enable verbose monitoring.
- E. Update the application web.config file.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

A: Step 1 section:

“diagnostics monitor is imported into a role by specifying an Import element with a module Name of “Diagnostics” in the Imports section of the service definition file”

B: Step 2 explain how to add the diagnostic file in the solution and step 3 how to configure it.

References:

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/Dn482131.aspx#BKMK_step5

Question: 5

You manage a cloud service that is running in two small instances. The cloud service hosts a help desk application. The application utilizes a virtual network connection to synchronize data to the company's internal accounting system.

You need to reduce the amount of time required for data synchronization.

What should you do?

- A. Configure the servers as large instances and re-deploy.
- B. Increase the instance count to three.
- C. Deploy the application to Azure Web Sites.
- D. Increase the processors allocated to the instances.

Answer: A

Explanation:

References: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn197896.aspx>

Question: 6

You manage a cloud service that has a web application named WebRole1. WebRole1 writes error messages to the Windows Event Log.

Users report receiving an error page with the following message: "Event 26 has occurred. Contact your system administrator."

You need to access the WebRole1 event log.

Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Enable verbose monitoring.
- B. Update the WebRole1 web.config file.
- C. Update the cloud service definition file and the service configuration file.
- D. Run the Set-AzureVM.DiagnosticsExtensionPowerShell cmdlet.
- E. Run the Enable-AzureWebsiteApplicationDiagnostic PowerShell cmdlet.
- F. Create a storage account.

Answer: A,C,F

Explanation:

step 1 specify the scheduled TransferLogLevelFilter to Verbose in the diagnostics.wadcfg

step 2 Update the cloud service definition file and the service configuration file (.cspkg)

step 3 best practice is to create a separate storage account for logging diagnostics data

References: <http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/cloud-services-how-to-monitor/>

Question: 7

ORDER LIST

You manage an application hosted on cloud services. The development team creates a new version of the application. The updated application has been packaged and stored in an Azure Storage account.

You have the following requirements:

Deploy the latest version of the application to production with the least amount of downtime.

Ensure that the updated application can be tested prior to deploying to the Production site.

Ensure that the original version of the application can be restored until the new version is verified.

Which four steps should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Action	Answer Area
Deploy the new package to the Staging slot.	
Create a new cloud service.	
Provide the URL to the development team.	
Deallocate the Staging deployment.	
Deploy the new package to the Production slot.	
Perform VIP Swap.	

Answer:

Answer Area
Deploy the new package to the Staging slot.
Provide the URL to the development team.
Perform VIP Swap.
Deallocate the Staging deployment.

Explanation:

Once you have uploaded the compiled package to Azure Storage, you would create a new staging deployment. You can then provide the URL to the development team. Once approved, you would promote the new deployment to production by performing a VIP swap. You can then stop the instance of the old production deployment and keep it at hand in the staging slot.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff803371.aspx>

Question: 8

You manage a cloud service that utilizes data encryption.

You need to ensure that the certificate used to encrypt data can be accessed by the cloud service application.

What should you do?

- A. Upload the certificate referenced in the application package.
- B. Deploy the certificate as part of the application package.
- C. Upload the certificate's public key referenced in the application package.
- D. Use RDP to install the certificate.

Answer: A

Explanation:

You have to upload a .pfx file, and not a .cer file. pfx files contains the private key, while cer files contains public and private keys.

References: <http://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/documentation/articles/cloud-services-configure-ssl-certificate/#step3>

Question: 9

You administer a Windows Server virtual machine (VM).

You upload the VM to Azure.

You need to ensure that you are able to deploy the BGInfo and VMAccess extensions.

What should you do?

- A. Select the Install the VM Agent checkbox while provisioning a VM based on your uploaded VHD.
- B. Select the Enable the VM Extensions checkbox while provisioning a VM based on your uploaded VHD.
- C. Install the VM Agent MSI and execute the following Power Shell commands:
`$vm = Get-AzureVM -service $svc -Name $name`
`$vm.ProvisionGuestAgent = $true`
`Update-AzureVM -Name $name -VM $vm -ServiceName $svc`
- D. Install the VM Agent MSI and execute the following Power Shell commands:
`$vm = Get-AzureVM -service $svc -Name $name`
`Set-AzureVMExtension -VM $vm -Name $name`
`Set-AzureVMExtension -VM $vm -Name $name`
`Update-AzureVM -Name $name -VM $vm -ServiceName $svc`

Answer: C

Explanation:

You are uploading a VM to Azure (not provisioning a VM from Azure – so therefore needs the VM Agent MSI)

Is VM Agent installed?

```
$x = Get-AzureVM -ServiceName $vmName
```

```
$x.vm.ProvisionGuestAgent
```

If 'False' –

1. Install standalone VM Agent

2. Inform the Azure platform that the VM now has the agent installed

```
$vm = Get-AzureVM -serviceName $svc -Name $name $vm.VM.ProvisionGuestAgent = $TRUE
```

```
Update-AzureVM -Name $name -VM $vm.VM -ServiceName $svc
```

References: <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn832621.aspx>

Question: 10

You manage a cloud service that supports features hosted by two instances of an Azure virtual machine (VM).

You discover that occasional outages cause your service to fail.

You need to minimize the impact of outages to your cloud service.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Deploy a third instance of the VM.
- B. Configure Load Balancing on the VMs.
- C. Redeploy the VMs to belong to an Affinity Group.
- D. Configure the VMs to belong to an Availability Set.

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

Adding your virtual machine to an availability set helps your application stay available during network failures, local disk hardware failures, and any planned downtime.

Combine the Azure Load Balancer with an Availability Set to get the most application resiliency. The Azure Load Balancer distributes traffic between multiple virtual machines.

References: <http://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/documentation/articles/virtual-machines-manage-availability/>

Question: 11

You administer an Azure subscription with an existing cloud service named contosocloudservice. Contosocloudservice contains a set of related virtual machines (VMs) named ContosoDC, ContosoSQL and ContosoWeb1.

You want to provision a new VM within contosocloudservice.

You need to use the latest gallery image to create a new Windows Server 2012 R2 VM that has a target IOPS of 500 for any provisioned disks.

Which PowerShell command should you use?

- A.

```
PS C:\> $image = (Get-AzureVMImage | ? { $_.OS -eq "Windows" -and $_.ImageFamily -eq "Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter" } | Sort-Object PublishDate -Descending | Select-Object -First 1).ImageName
PS C:\> New-AzureVMConfig -Name "ContosoWeb2" -InstanceSize Small -ImageName $image | Add-AzureProvisioningConfig -Windows -AdminUser $adminUser -Password $adminPassword | New-AzureVM
```
- B.

```
PS C:\> $image = (Get-AzureVMImage | ? { $_.OS -eq "Windows" -and $_.ImageFamily -eq "Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter" } | Sort-Object PublishDate -Descending | Select-Object -First 1).ImageName
PS C:\> New-AzureVMConfig -Name "ContosoWeb2" -InstanceSize Basic_A1 -ImageName $image | Add-AzureProvisioningConfig -Windows -AdminUser $adminUser -Password $adminPassword | New-AzureVM -ServiceName "contosocloudservice"
```
- C.

```
PS C:\> New-AzureQuickVM -Windows -ServiceName "contosocloudservice" -Name "ContosoWeb2" -ImageName (Get-AzureVMImage | ? { $_.OS -eq "Windows" -and $_.ImageFamily -eq "Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter" }).ImageName | ? { $_.Password $adminPasswd -InstanceSize Small
```
- D.

```
PS C:\> $image = (Get-AzureVMImage | ? { $_.OS -eq "Windows" -and $_.ImageFamily -eq "Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter" } | Sort-Object PublishDate -Descending | Select-Object -First 1).ImageName
PS C:\> New-AzureQuickVM -Windows -ServiceName "contosocloudservice" -Name "ContosoWeb2" -ImageName $image -Password $adminPasswd -InstanceSize Small
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: D

Explanation:

The New-AzureQuickVM cmdlet sets the configuration for a new virtual machine and creates the virtual machine. You can create a new Azure service for the virtual machine by specifying either the Location or AffinityGroup parameters, or deploy the new virtual machine into an existing service. AdminUsername is not required.

-AdminUsername <String>

Specifies the name for the administrative account to create.

Aliases	none
Required?	false
Position?	named
Default Value	none
Accept Pipeline Input?	false
Accept Wildcard Characters?	false

References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn495183.aspx>

Question: 12

DRAG DROP

You administer an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) named server1. The VM is in a cloud service named ContosoService1.

You discover that the VM is experiencing storage issues due to increased application logging on the server.

You need to create a new 256-GB disk and attach it to the server.

Which Power Shell cmdlets should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate cmdlet to the correct location in the Power Shell command. Each cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

PowerShell cmdlets	PowerShell command
Add-AzureDisk	C:\PS> PowerShell Command "ContosoService1"
Add-AzureDataDisk	-Name "server1" PowerShell Command -CreateNew -DiskSizeInGB 256
Add-AzureVhd	-DiskLabel "data1" -LUN 1 PowerShell Command
Get-AzureVM	
Get-AzureVMImage	
Update-AzureVM	
Update-AzureVMImage	

Answer:

PowerShell command

```
C:\PS> Get-AzureVM "ContosoService1"
-Name "server1" | Add-AzureDataDisk -CreateNew -DiskSizeInGB 256
-DiskLabel "data1" -LUN 1 | Update-AzureVM
```

Explanation:

This example gets a virtual machine object for the virtual machine named "MyVM" in the "myservice" cloud service, updates the virtual machine object by attaching an existing data disk from

the repository using the disk name, and then updates the Azure virtual machine.

Windows PowerShell

```
C:\PS>Get-AzureVM "myservice" -Name "MyVM" `| Add-AzureDataDisk -Import -DiskName "MyExistingDisk" -LUN 0 `| Update-AzureVM
```

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn495298.aspx>

Question: 13

Your company has two cloud services named CS01 and CS02. You create a virtual machine (VM) in CS02 named Accounts.

You need to ensure that users in CS01 can access the Accounts VM by using port 8080.

What should you do?

- A. Create a firewall rule.
- B. Configure load balancing.
- C. Configure port redirection.
- D. Configure port forwarding.
- E. Create an end point.

Answer: E

Explanation:

All virtual machines that you create in Azure can automatically communicate using a private network channel with other virtual machines in the same cloud service or virtual network. However, other resources on the Internet or other virtual networks require endpoints to handle the inbound network traffic to the virtual machine.

References:

<http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/virtual-machines-set-up-endpoints/>

Question: 14

You administer a solution deployed to a virtual machine (VM) in Azure. The VM hosts a web service that is used by several applications. You are located in the US West region and have a worldwide user base.

Developers in Asia report that they experience significant delays when they execute the services.

You need to verify application performance from different locations.

Which type of monitoring should you configure?

- A. Disk Read
- B. Endpoint
- C. Network Out
- D. CPU
- E. Average Response Time

Answer: B

Explanation:

The question states: "You need to verify application performance from different locations". The question is not asking you to determine WHY the application is slow, it's asking you to 'measure' the performance from different locations.

Endpoint Monitoring monitors your server with HTTP Get requests from locations that you choose.

References:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/web-sites-monitor/#webendpointstatus>
<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/app-insights-web-monitor-performance/>

Question: 15

You are the administrator for three Azure subscriptions named Dev, Test, and Prod.

Your Azure Power Shell profile is configured with the Dev subscription as the default.

You need to create a new virtual machine in the Test subscription by using the least administrative effort.

Which Power Shell command should you use?

- A. PS C:\> Select-AzureSubscription -SubscriptionName "Test"
- B. PS C:\> Set-AzureSubscription -SubscriptionName "Test" -CurrentStorageAccountName "teststorage"
PS C:\> Select-AzureSubscription "Test"
- C. PS C:\> Set-AzureSubscription "Test" -CurrentStorageAccountName "teststorage"
- D. PS C:\> Select-AzureSubscription -SubscriptionName "Test" -Default

- A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: A

Explanation:

Example: Set the current subscription

This command makes Test the current subscription.

Windows PowerShell

C:\PS> Select-AzureSubscription -SubscriptionName Test -Current

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn722499.aspx>

Question: 16

DRAG DROP

You manage an Azure virtual machine (VM) named AppVM. The application hosted on AppVM continuously writes small files to disk. Recently the usage of applications on AppVM has increased greatly.

You need to improve disk performance on AppVM.

Which Microsoft Azure PowerShell cmdlet should you use with each Power Shell command line? To answer, drag the appropriate Microsoft Azure PowerShell cmdlet to the correct location in the Power Shell code. Each Power Shell cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

cmdlets

Set-AzureOSDisk

Set-AzureDataDisk

New-AzureVMConfig

ReadOnly

WriteOnly

ReadWrite

PowerShell code

```
C:\PS>Get-AzureVM "AppService" -name
"AppVM" |  -LUN 3
-HostCaching  | Update
-AzureVM
```

Answer:

cmdlets

Set-AzureOSDisk

Set-AzureDataDisk

New-AzureVMConfig

ReadOnly

None

ReadWrite

PowerShell code

```
C:\PS>Get-AzureVM "AppService" -name
"AppVM" |  -LUN 3
-HostCaching  | Update
-AzureVM
```

Explanation:

* Set-AzureDataDisk

Sets the host-cache mode on an existing data disk object.

* Example:

This command gets the "MyVM" virtual machine running on the "myservice" cloud service, and then

sets the data disk at LUN 2 of the virtual machine to use Nonehost caching.

Windows PowerShell

```
C:\PS>Get-AzureVM "myservice" -name "MyVM" | Set-AzureDataDisk -LUN 2 -HostCachingNone | Update-AzureVM
```

* Set-AzureDataDisk Parameter: -HostCaching<String>

Sets the host level caching settings of the disk. Possible values are: None, ReadOnly and ReadWrite ().

When you setup a data disk on a virtual machine, you get three host caching choices:

The purpose of a cache is to cache data to be read as reading from a cache is faster than reading from a disk.

There is no performance benefit in caching the log files as these will not be re-read by the application. Therefore, we need the logs to be written directly to disks rather than being written to cache first then disk (Read) or written to the cache only (Read/Write).

Question: 17

DRAG DROP

You administer a virtual machine (VM) that is deployed to Azure. The VM hosts a web service that is used by several applications.

You need to ensure that the VM sends a notification in the event that the average response time for the web service exceeds a pre-defined response time for an hour or more.

Which three steps should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Action	Answer Area
From the Monitor page, add a metric for Response Time for the endpoint.	
From the Monitor page, add a rule for the Response Time of the endpoint.	
From the Dashboard page, add a rule for the endpoint status.	
From the Configure page, add a rule for the Response Time of the endpoint.	
From the Configure page, add a monitoring endpoint for the virtual machine.	
From the Endpoints page, add a monitoring endpoint for the virtual machine.	
From the Configure page, add a metric for Response Time for the endpoint.	

Answer:

Answer Area

From the Configure page, add a monitoring endpoint for the virtual machine.

From the Monitor page, add a metric for Response Time for the endpoint.

From the Monitor page, add a rule for the Response Time of the endpoint.

Explanation:

1. From configure page, add a monitoring endpoint for the virtual machine
2. From the monitor page, Add a metric for the Response Time for the end point
3. From the Monitor page, add a rule for the response time of the end point.

References:

<http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/web-sites-monitor/#webendpointstatus>

Question: 18

DRAG DROP

You administer an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) named CON-CL1. CON-CL1 is in a cloud service named ContosoService1.

You discover unauthorized traffic to CON-CL1. You need to:

Create a rule to limit access to CON-CL1.

Ensure that the new rule has the highest precedence.

Which Azure Power Shell cmdlets and values should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate cmdlet or value to the correct location in the Power Shell command. Each cmdlet or value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bat between panes or scroll to view content.

cmdlets and values

- Permit
- Deny
- ...
- New-AzureAclConfig
- Set-AzureAclConfig
- 100
- 300
- addrule
- setrule
- 0
- Update-AzureVM

PowerShell command

```
C:\PS> $acl= [cmdlet or value]
C:\PS> [cmdlet or value] -Addrule -ACL $acl
-order [cmdlet or value] -Action [cmdlet or value]
-RemoteSubnet "171.100.0.1/24"
```

Answer:

PowerShell command

```
C:\PS> $acl= New-AzureAclConfig
C:\PS> Set-AzureAclConfig -Addrule -ACL $acl
-order 0 -Action Permit
-RemoteSubnet "171.100.0.1/24"
```

Explanation:

* Example 1

This example uses two commands:

The first command creates a new ACL object and stores it in a variable named \$acl1.

The second command updates the ACL object with a rule that permits incoming network traffic only from remote subnet 10.0.0.0/8.

Windows PowerShell

```
PS C:\> $acl1 = New-AzureAclConfig
C:\PS> Set-AzureAclConfig -AddRule -ACL $acl1 -Order 100 -
Action permit -RemoteSubnet "10.0.0.0/8" -
```

*Parameter: -Order<Int32>

Specifies the relative order in which this rule should be processed compared to the other rules applied to the ACL object. The lowest order takes precedence. 0 is allowed.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn495192.aspx>
<http://blogs.technet.com/b/heyscriptingguy/archive/2013/08/31/weekend-scripter-creating-acls-for-windows-azure-endpoints-part-1-of-2.aspx>

Question: 19

HOT SPOT

Your company network has two branch offices. Some employees work remotely, including at public locations. You manage an Azure environment that includes several virtual networks.

All users require access to the virtual networks.

In the table below, identify which secure cross-premise connectivity option is needed for each type of user. Make only one selection in each column.

Secure cross-premise connectivity method	Branch Office Users	Remote Users
Site-to-site	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Multi-site	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Point-to-site	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Secure cross-premise connectivity method	Branch Office Users	Remote Users
Site-to-site	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Multi-site	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Point-to-site	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Explanation:

* A site-to-site VPN allows you to create a secure connection between your on-premises site and your virtual network.

* A point-to-site VPN also allows you to create a secure connection to your virtual network. In a point-to-site configuration, the connection is configured individually on each client computer that you want to connect to the virtual network.

* Use a point-to-site configuration when:

You want connect to your virtual network from a remote location. For example, connecting from a coffee shop.

You have a site-to-site connection, but have some clients that need to connect from a remote location.

Question: 20

HOT SPOT

You create a virtual network named fabVNet01.

You design the virtual network to include two subnets, one named DNS-subnet and one named Apps-subnet, as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibits button.)

CREATE A VIRTUAL NETWORK

Virtual Network Address Spaces

ADDRESS SPACE	STARTING IP	CIDR (ADDRESS COUNT)	USABLE ADDRESS RANGE
10.0.0.0/26	10.0.0.0	/26 (64)	10.0.0.1 - 10.0.0.63
SUBNETS:			
DNS-subnet	10.0.0.0	/27 (32)	10.0.0.0 - 10.0.0.31
Apps-subnet	10.0.0.32	/29 (8)	10.0.0.32 - 10.0.0.39

Buttons: add address space, add subnet

NETWORK PREVIEW: fabVNet02

In the table below, identify the number of IP addresses that will be available for virtual machines (VMs) or cloud services in each subnet. Make only one selection in each column.

Answer Area

Available IP Addresses	DNS-subnet	Apps-subnet
3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
27	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
32	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

Available IP Addresses	DNS-subnet	Apps-subnet
3	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
8	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
27	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
32	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation:

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/jj156074.aspx>

Question: 21

You administer an Azure solution that uses a virtual network named FabVNet. FabVNet has a single subnet named Subnet-1.

You discover a high volume of network traffic among four virtual machines (VMs) that are part of Subnet-1.

You need to isolate the network traffic among the four VMs. You want to achieve this goal with the least amount of downtime and impact on users.

What should you do?

- A. Create a new subnet in the existing virtual network and move the four VMs to the new subnet.
- B. Create a site-to-site virtual network and move the four VMs to your datacenter.
- C. Create a new virtual network and move the VMs to the new network.
- D. Create an availability set and associate the four VMs with that availability set.

Answer: A

Explanation:

To isolate the VMs, we could use Windows Firewall or Network Security Groups (NSG) but they're not options here.

If we move the VMs to a new subnet in the same virtual network, traffic can still flow to VMs on the other subnet. We would still need additional security such as an NSG; therefore, answer A is incorrect.

The answer is to create a new virtual network and move the VMs to the new network. This would provide the required isolation without the need for additional security such as an NSG.

Question: 22

You administer an Azure virtual network named fabrikamVNet.

You need to deploy a virtual machine (VM) and ensure that it is a member of the fabrikamVNet virtual network.

Which two actions will achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Run the following Azure PowerShell cmdlet: New-AzureRmVM
- B. Run the following Azure PowerShell cmdlet: New-AzureQuickVM
- C. Run the following Azure PowerShell cmdlet: New-AzureAffinityGroup.
- D. Update fabrikamVNet's existing Availability Set.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

The New-AzureQuickVM cmdlet sets the configuration for a new virtual machine and creates the virtual machine. You can create a new Azureservice for the virtual machine by specifying either the Location or AffinityGroup parameters, or deploy the new virtual machine into an existing service.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn495183.aspx>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/resourcemanager/azurermscompute/v2.2.0/new-azurermmvm>

Question: 23

You manage a large datacenter that has limited physical space.

You plan to extend your datacenter to Azure.

You need to create a connection that supports a multiprotocol label switching (MPLS) virtual private network.

Which connection type should you use?

- A. Site-to-site
- B. VNet-VNet
- C. ExpressRoute.
- D. Site-to-peer

Answer: C

Explanation:

ExpressRoute allows you to securely add compute and storage capacity to your existing datacenter. With high throughput and fast latencies, Azure will feel like a natural extension to your datacenter so you enjoy the scale and economics of the public cloud without having to compromise on network performance.

References:

<http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/expressroute/>

Question: 24

You manage a cloud service named fabrikamReports that is deployed in an Azure data center.

You deploy a virtual machine (VM) named fabrikamSQL into a virtual network named fabrikamVNet.

FabrikamReports must communicate with fabrikamSQL.

You need to add fabrikam Reports to fabrikamVNet.

Which file should you modify?

- A. the network configuration file for fabrikamVNet
- B. the service definition file (.csdef) for fabrikamReports
- C. the service definition file (.csdef) for fabrikamSQL
- D. the service configuration file (.cscfg) for fabrikamReports
- E. the service configuration file (.cscfg) fabrikamSQL

Answer: D

Explanation:

The service configuration file specifies the number of role instances to deploy for each role in the service, the values of any configuration settings, and the thumbprints for any certificates associated with a role. If the service is part of a Virtual Network, configuration information for the network must

be provided in the service configuration file, as well as in the virtual networking configuration file. The default extension for the service configuration file is .cscfg.

References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/ee758710.aspx>

Question: 25

You manage an application deployed to virtual machines (VMs) on an Azure virtual network named corpVnet1.

You plan to hire several remote employees who will need access to the application on corpVnet1.

You need to ensure that new employees can access corpVnet1. You want to achieve this goal by using the most cost effective solution.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Create a VPN subnet.
- B. Enable point-to-point connectivity for corpVnet1.
- C. Enable point-to-site connectivity for corpVnet1.
- D. Create a gateway subnet.
- E. Enable site-to-site connectivity for corpVnet1.
- F. Convert corpVnet1 to a regional virtual network.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

You need a point to site and a gateway subnet.

References: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/web-sites-integrate-with-vnet/>

Question: 26

DRAG DROP

You have an Azure Virtual Network named fabVNet with three subnets named Subnet-1, Subnet-2 and Subnet-3. You have a virtual machine (VM) named fabVM running in the fabProd service.

You need to modify fabVM to be deployed into Subnet-3. You want to achieve this goal by using the least amount of time and while causing the least amount of disruption to the existing deployment.

What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate Power Shell cmdlet to the correct location in the Power Shell command. Each cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

PowerShell cmdlets	PowerShell Command
Get-AzureVM	PS C:\> \$VM = PowerShell cmdlet "fabProd" "fabVM"
Get-AzureVMImage	PS C:\> PowerShell cmdlet "Subnet-3" -VM \$VM
Set-AzureSubnet	PS C:\> PowerShell cmdlet "fabProd" "fabVM" -VM \$VM
Update-AzureVM	
New-AzureVM	
Set-AzureVNetConfig	
Update-AzureVMImage	

Answer:

PowerShell Command

```

PS C:\> $VM = Get-AzureVM "fabProd" "fabVM"
PS C:\> Set-AzureSubnet "Subnet-3" -VM $VM
PS C:\> Update-AzureVM "fabProd" "fabVM" -VM $VM
    
```

Explanation:

Example

This example changes the size of the virtual machine "MyVM3", running in "MySvc1", to "Medium".

Windows PowerShell

```

C:\PS>Get-AzureVM -ServiceName "MySvc1" -Name "MyVM3" | Set-AzureVMSize -InstanceSize "Medium" | Update-AzureVM
    
```

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn495230.aspx>

Question: 27

ORDER LIST

You manage a solution deployed in two Azure subscriptions for testing and production. Both subscriptions have virtual networks named fabVNet.

You plan to add two new virtual machines (VMs) in a new subnet.

You have the following requirements:

Deploy the new VMs to the virtual network in the testing subscription.

Minimize any errors in defining the network changes.

Minimize the work that will be required when the change is made to the production virtual network.

Which three steps should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from

the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Action	Answer Area
Add an accessibility group to the network configuration file.	
Add a subnet to the Virtual Network using the Management Portal.	
Deploy the new VMs to the new subnet.	
Add an accessibility group to the Virtual Network using the Management Portal.	
Deploy the new VMs to the new accessibility group.	
Export the network configuration.	
Add a subnet to the network configuration file.	
Import the network configuration.	

Answer:

Answer Area

Add a subnet to the Virtual Network using the Management Portal.

Deploy the new VMs to the new subnet.

Export the network configuration.

Explanation:

Create a subnet in the Testing subnet, Deploy the VMs to this new subnet, and Export the network configuration for later importing it to Production.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/jj156206.aspx>

Question: 28

HOT SPOT

You manage an Azure Web Site named contosoweb.

Some users report that they receive the following error when they access contosoweb:

“http Status 500.0 - Internal Server Error.”

You need to view detailed diagnostic information in XML format.

Which option should you enable? To answer, select the appropriate option in the answer area.

Answer Area

Application diagnostics

APPLICATION LOGGING (FILESYSTEM) OFF ON

Site diagnostics

WEB SERVER LOGGING OFF ON

DETAILED ERROR MESSAGES OFF ON

FAILED REQUEST TRACING OFF ON

Answer:

Answer Area

Application diagnostics



Site diagnostics



Explanation:

Failed Request Tracing is the only option that produces its output in XML files as specified in the question.

Question: 29

DRAG DROP

You manage an Azure Web Site named contososite.

You download the subscription publishing credentials named Contoso-Enterprise.publishsettings.

You need to use Azure Power Shell to achieve the following:

Connect to the Contoso-Enterprise subscription.

Create a new App Setting named IsCustom with a value of True.

Restart the Web App.

Which commands should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate Azure PowerShell command to the correct location in the solution. Each command may be used once, more than once, or not at all.

You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Azure PowerShell Commands

- Set-AzureWebsite
- Get-AzurePublishSettingsFile
- Import-AzurePublishSettingsFile
- Start-AzureWebsite
- Restart-AzureWebsite
- Show-AzureWebsite

Solution

```

PS C:\> Azure PowerShell Command c:\Contoso\Enterprise.publishsettings
PS C:\> Select-AzureSubscription Contoso-Enterprise
PS C:\> $setting = @{"IsCustom" = "true"}
PS C:\> Azure PowerShell Command contososite -AppSettings $setting
PS C:\> Azure PowerShell Command contososite
    
```

Answer:

Solution

```

PS C:\> Import-AzurePublishSettingsFile c:\Contoso\Enterprise.publishsettings
PS C:\> Select-AzureSubscription Contoso-Enterprise
PS C:\> $setting = @{"IsCustom" = "true"}
PS C:\> Set-AzureWebsite contososite -AppSettings $setting
PS C:\> Restart-AzureWebsite contososite
    
```

Explanation:

- * Import-AzurePublishSettingsFile
Imports Azure subscription data from a .publishsettings file downloaded from the management portal.
- * Set-AzureWebsite
Configures a website running in Azure.
- * Restart-AzureWebsite
Stops and then starts the specified website.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn495266.aspx>

Question: 30

Your company has a subscription to Azure. You plan to deploy 10 websites. You have the following requirements:
 Each website has at least 15 GB of storage.
 All websites can use azurewebsite.net.
 You need to deploy the 10 websites while minimizing costs.
 Which web tier plan should you recommend?

A. Free

- B. Small Business
- C. Standard
- D. Basic

Answer: C

Explanation:

Standard offers 50 GB of storage space, while Basic only gives 10 GB.

References:

<http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/websites/>

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