

# **Oracle**

1Z0-971 Exam

Oracle Incentive Compensation ?Cloud 2017 Implementation ?Essentials Exam

Thank you for Downloading 1Z0-971 exam PDF Demo

You can Buy Latest 1Z0-971 Full Version Download

https://www.certkillers.net/Exam/1Z0-971

https://www.certkillers.net

### Version: 8.0

Question: 1	
You have to write a custom function that accesses the performance measure. You must pass the following parameters to uniquely identify data and do of plan_cooponent_id formaula_id Participant_id Period id In which table should you configure the required columns?	•
A. CN TP KEASURE_RESULTS_ALL	
B. CN SRP_PER_FORM_METRICS_ALL	
C. CW_TP_EARNINGS_ALL D. CM SRP PARTICIPANTS ALL	
D. CIVI SRP PARTICIPANTS ALL	
	Answer: B
https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/latest/salescs_gs/FACMI/FACMI1417756.h	tm#FACMI1419062
Question: 2	
Which two statements are true about disputes?	
A. Disputes are assigned to the analyst who is associated with the particip B. Disputes are assigned to the analyst who is associated with the participand assigned to the compensation manager who the analyst reports hierarchy.	cipant creating the dispute,
C. Participants can view the disputes they have created in their worklist D. Compensation Managers can reassign disputes to different analysts.	
	Answer: A
Question: 3	

A payment plan is to be configured to pay a minimum (draw) flat amount of 8,000 per period, which is nonrecoverable. Payment adjustments must be applied only to commission type earnings, and bonus earnings should not be adjusted by the payment plan. How should you configure the payment plan?

A. Associate the "Commission" payment group category to 'Commission' type plan components. In the Payment Plan, select 'Commission' from the Payment Group Category drop down, enter 8,000 in the Flat Minimum Amount to Pay Participant field, enter 8,000 in the Maximum Payment field, select

"Yes" for the Carry Forward Maximum drop down, and select 'No' for the Minimum Recovery option.

- B. Associate the 'Commission' Incentive Type (payment group category) to 'Commission' type plan components. In the Payment plan, select 'Commission' from the Payment Group Category drop down, enter 8,000 in the Flat Minimum Amount to Pay Participant field, and select 'No' for the Minimum Recovery option.
- C. Associate the 'Commission' Incentive Type (payment group category) to 'Commission' type plan components. In the Payment Plan, select 'Commission' from the Payment Group Category drop down, enter 8,000 in the Flat Minimum Amount to Pay Participant field, and select the 'Yes' for the Minimum Recovery option and 'Immediate' for the Recovery Start option.
- D. Associate the 'Commission' payment group category to "Commission' type plan components. In the Payment Plan, select 'Commission' from the Payment Group Category drop down, enter 8,000 In the Flat Minimum Amount to Pay Participant field, enter 8,000 in the Maximum Payment field, select 'Yes' for the Carry forward Maximum drop down, select 'Yes' for the Minimum Recovery option, and 'Immediate' for the Recovery Start option.

Answer: B
<u> </u>

In a rollup hierarchy, three salespeople report to a manager and the manager reports to a director. The manager is also entitled to receive direct credit from one of the direct credit rules.

How should the rollup (Indirect) credit be allocated to the manager and the director in this scenario?

- A. The manager receives only direct credit (no rollup credit) and the director receives rollup credit only for the manager's direct credit.
- B. The manager receives only direct credit (no rollup credit) and the director receives rollup credit for all salespeople under the manager, as
- well as for the manager's direct credits.
- C. The manager receives rollup credit for all direct reports and the director receives rollup credit for all salespeople under the manager, as well
- as for the manager's direct credits.
- D. The manager receives rollup credit for direct reports and the director receives rollup credit only for the manager's direct credits.
- E. There will be no rollup credits for the manager and the director because a manager cannot be configured to receive both rollup and direct credits.

Answer: C	

A company pays commission based on the source of the transaction and the margin on the transaction.

If the source is 'ABC' and margin is between 0 and 10 percent, the rate should be 1.5 percent.

If the source is 'ABC' and margin is 10 percent and above, the rate should be 3 percent.

If the source is 'XYZ' and margin is between 0 and 10 percent, the rata should be 2 percent.

If the source is 'XYZ' and margin is 10 percent and above, the rate should be 4 percent.

Which two procedures can you use to set this up?

	ABC	-0 - 10	1.5	5					
Dimension 1 =		-0 - 10	2						
Source-Margin ( Percent)	ADC	-10 100							
		-10 100							
B) Set up two separ type Percent with Rate table 1	ate rate ta a single i	bles. The ate dimen	first rate tal sion as Marg	ole is of type Perc oln.	ent	ent with a single ra	ent with a single rate dimension	ent with a single rate dimension as Source	ent with a single rate dimension as Source. The secon
Dimension 1 =	ABC	1	.5						
Source (type	XYZ	3							
String)	XYZ	,							
Rate table 2	Name of Street								
Dimension 1 = Margin (type	0 - 10	2	2						
Percent)	6000	1000000 4	1						
Percent)	10-10	יין טטטטט							and encoud Ra
and the same of the same	meional ra	te table o	f type Perce	ent with first Rat		e Dimension as mo	e Dimension as margin (Cross P	e Dimension as maryin (Crise P	e Dimension as maryin terpe per
					GE LA				
Set up a muicidime Source (type String	1).		NORTH TOTAL		see D				
Source (type String	))-				ice Di				
Source (type String	))-	Di	imension 2	= Source	see Di				
Source (type String	)).	Di (t	imension 2 type String)	= Source	ice Di				
Source (cype String	<i>u</i> -	Di (t	imension 2 type String	= Source ) XYZ	le Di				
Dimension 1 = Margin (type	0 - 10	Di (t	imension 2 type String) BC	= Source ) XYZ 2	ice of				
Dimension 1 = Margin (type	0 - 10	Di (t A)	imension 2 type String) BC	= Source ) XYZ 2					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional (	Di (t A)	imension 2 type String) BC	= Source ) XYZ 2					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional (	Di (t A)	imension 2 type String) BC	= Source ) XYZ 2					Rate Dimension as Margin (type percent) and second Rate Dimension as Margin (type percent) and second Rate Dimension as Source (type String) and the second
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional (	00000 3 ate table	imension 2 type String) BC 5	= Source )XYZ 2 4 eent with the fi					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional (	00000 3 ate table	imension 2 = Manual Procession 2 = Manual Pr	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 ent with the fir					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional (	Dimer	imension 2 type String) BC 5 of type Perc ent) 10	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 ent with the fire argin (type					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Perc	0 - 10 10 - 10( nensional i	Direct Perce 0 - 10	imension 2 (yype String) BC (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 4 eent with the firs					st rate dimension as Source (type String) and the secon
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)	0 - 10 10 - 100 nensional i	Dimer Perce	imension 2 (yype String) BC (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 4 eent with the first					
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 =	0 - 10 10 - 10( nensional i	Direct Perce 0 - 10	imension 2 (yype String) BC (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 ent with the fir argin (type					st rate dimension as Source (type String) and the secon
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).	Dimer Perce 0 - 105 2	imension 2 (yype String) BC (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 4 ment with the fir argin (type	st rat	st rate dimension as	st rate dimension as Source (type	st rate dimension as Source (type String) an	st rate dimension as Source (type String) and the second
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).  ABC XYZ	Dimer Perce 0 - 105 2	imension 2 (yype String) BC (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 4 cent with the fire argin (type	st rat	st rate dimension as	st rate dimension as Source (type	st rate dimension as Source (type String) an	st rate dimension as Source (type String) and the secon
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).  ABC XYZ	Dimer Perce 0 - 10	of type Percentage  of type Percentage  10	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 sent with the first argin (type 0000	at rat	t rate dimension as	t rate dimension as Source (type	st rate dimension as Source (type String) an	t rate dimension as Source (type String) and the second
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).  ABC XYZ	Dimer Perce 0 - 10 1.5 2 rate table	imension 2 lype String BC  5 of type Perc lype Perc	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 eent with the firs argin (type 000	t rat	t rate dimension as	t rate dimension as Source (type	t rate dimension as Source (type String) an	t rate dimension as Source (type String) and the second
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).  ABC XYZ	Dimer Perce	of type Percential of type Perce	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 ent with the firs argin (type cent with the firs	t rat	t rate dimension as	t rate dimension as Source (type	t rate dimension as Source (type String) an	t rate dimension as Source (type String) and the second
Dimension 1 = Margin (type Percent)  D) Set up a multidin Margin (type Percent)  Dimension 1 = Source (type String)	0 - 10 10 - 100 iensional ient).  ABC XYZ	Dimer Perce 0 - 10 1.5 2 rate table	of type Percential of type Perce	= Source ) XYZ 2 4 ent with the first argin (type 000	rat	rate dimension as	rate dimension as Source (type	rate dimension as Source (type String) an	rate dimension as Source (type String) and the second

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

**Answer: CE** 

#### Question: 6

Of what type of role is Incentive Compensation Analyst an example?

- A. Job
- B. Abstract
- C. Duty
- D. Work Area

**Answer: A** 

Job roles and abstract roles inherit duty roles. For example, the Incentive Compensation Analyst job role inherits the Incentive Compensation Participant Assignments Duty, Incentive Compensation Credits and Earnings Duty, Incentive Compensation Participant Snapshot Management Duty, and the Incentive Compensation Payments Duty. The Compensation Participant Assignments Duty makes it possible for the analyst to assign plans, roles, pay groups, and payment plans to the participant. The Incentive Compensation Payments Duty enables payment batch assembly and paysheet management.

#### Question: 7

Which format must the date column value have In File Based Data Import?

- A. YYYY/MM/DD
- B. DD/MM/YYYY
- C. MM/DD/YYYY
- D. Date format is configurable

Answer: D

https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/farel11/salescs\_gs/OAFDI/OAFDI1504155.htm#OAFDI309164

## Thank You for trying 1Z0-971 PDF Demo

To Buy Latest 1Z0-971 Full Version Download visit link below

https://www.certkillers.net/Exam/1Z0-971

# Start Your 1Z0-971 Preparation

[Limited Time Offer] Use Coupon "CKNET" for Further discount on your purchase. Test your 1Z0-971 preparation with actual exam questions.